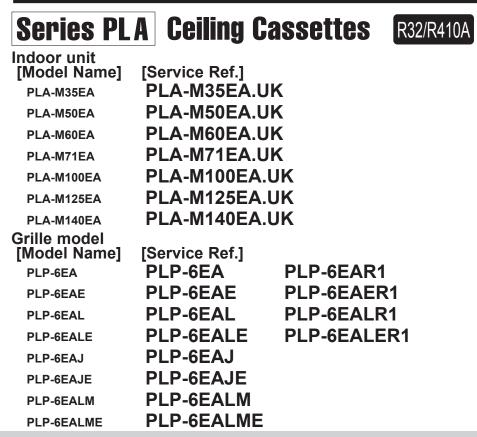
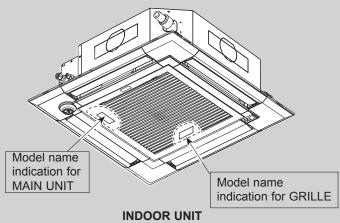


SPLIT-TYPE, HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS SPLIT-TYPE, AIR CONDITIONERS

> November 2018 No. OCH697

SERVICE MANUAL





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PARTS CATALOG (OCB697)

Mr.SLIM

OUTDOOR UNIT'S SERVICE MANUAL

1

Model Name	Service Ref.	Service Manual No.
PUHZ-ZRP35/50VKA2 PUHZ-ZRP60/71VHA2	PUHZ-ZRP35/50VKA2(-ER/ET) PUHZ-ZRP60/71VHA2(-ER/ET)	OCH635/OCB635
PUHZ-ZRP100/125/140VKA3 PUHZ-ZRP100/125/140YKA3 PUHZ-ZRP200/250YKA2	PUHZ-ZRP100/125/140/VKA3.UK PUHZ-ZRP100/125/140/YKA3.UK PUHZ-ZRP200/250YKA2.UK	OCH645/OCB645
PUHZ-P100/125/140VKA PUHZ-P100/125/140YKA	PUHZ-P100/125/140VKA(-ER/ET) PUHZ-P100/125/140YKA(-ER/ET)	OCH670/OCB670
PUHZ-P200YKA2 PUHZ-P250YKA2	PUHZ-P200YKA2.UK PUHZ-P250YKA2.UK	OCH647/OCB647
PUHZ-SHW112VHA PUHZ-SHW112/140YHA	PUHZ-SHW112VHAR4.UK PUHZ-SHW112/140YHAR4.UK	OCH526/OCB526
PUZ-ZM200YKA PUZ-ZM250YKA	PUZ-ZM200YKA.UK PUZ-ZM250YKA.UK	_
PUZ-ZM100/125/140VKA PUZ-ZM100/125/140YKA	PUZ-ZM100VKA.UK PUZ-ZM125/140VKAR1.UK PUZ-ZM100YKA.UK PUZ-ZM125/140YKAR1.UK	OCH654A/OCB654A
PUZ-M200YKA PUZ-M250YKA	PUZ-M200YKA.UK PUZ-M250YKA.UK	_
SUZ-KA35VA6 SUZ-KA50VA6 SUZ-KA60VA6 SUZ-KA71VA6	SUZ-KA35VA6.TH(-ER/ET) SUZ-KA50VA6.TH(-ER/ET) SUZ-KA60VA6.TH(-ER/ET) SUZ-KA71VA6.TH(-ER/ET)	TCH004/TCB004
SUZ-M35VA SUZ-M50VA SUZ-M60VA SUZ-M71VA	SUZ-M35VA(-ER/ET) SUZ-M50VA(-ER/ET) SUZ-M60VA(-ER/ET) SUZ-M71VA(-ER/ET)	OCH684/OCB684
MXZ-3E54/68VA MXZ-4E72VA MXZ-4E83VA MXZ-5E102VA MXZ-4E83VAHZ	MXZ-3E54/68VA(-E1/ET1/ER1) MXZ-4E72VA(-E1/ET1/ER1) MXZ-4E83VA(-E2/ET2/ER1) MXZ-5E102VA(-E2/ET2/ER1) MXZ-4E83VAHZ(-E1/ER1)	OBH723/OBB723
MXZ-6D122VA2	MXZ-6D122VA2(-E1/ET1/ER1)	OBH626/OBB626
MXZ-3F54/68VF MXZ-4F72VF MXZ-4F83VF MXZ-5F102VF MXZ-6F122VF	MXZ-3F54/68VF(-ER/ET) MXZ-4F72VF(-ER/ET) MXZ-4F83VF(-ER/ET) MXZ-5F102VF(-ER/ET) MXZ-6F122VF(-ER/ET)	OBH790/OBB790
MXZ-4F83VFHZ	MXZ-4F83VFHZ(-ER)	_

2

SAFETY PRECAUTION

MEANINGS OF SYMBOLS DISPLAYED ON THE UNIT

WARNING (Risk of fire)This mark is for R32 refrigerant only. Refrigerant type is written on nameplate of outdoor unit. In case that refrigerant type is R32, this unit uses a flammable refrigerant. If refrigerant leaks and comes in contact with fire or heating part, it will create harmful gas and there is risk of fi							
	Read the OPERATI	ION MANUAL carefully before operation.					
	Service personnel are required to carefully read the OPERATION MANUAL and INSTALLATION MANUAL before operation.						
i	Further information is available in the OPERATION MANUAL, INSTALLATION MANUAL, and the like.						

2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R32/R410A

Use new refrigerant pipes.

In case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the following.

- Be sure to clean the pipes and make sure that the insides of the pipes are clean.
- Change flare nut to the one provided with this product. Use a newly flared pipe.
- · Avoid using thin pipes.
- In case of reconnecting the refrigerant pipes after detaching, make the flared part of pipe re-fabricated.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contaminants such as sulfur, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc, which are hazard to refrigerant cycle. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterio-

ration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R32/R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R32/R410A refrigerant.

Tools for F	R32/R410A
Gauge manifold	Flare tool
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant
	charging scale

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Use the specified refrigerant only.

Never use any refrigerant other than that specified. Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of. Correct refrigerant is specified on name plate of outdoor unit.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc. We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

[1] Warning for service

- (1) Do not alter the unit.
- (2) For installation and relocation work, follow the instructions in the Installation Manual and use tools and pipe components specifically made for use with refrigerant specified in the outdoor unit installation manual.
- (3) Ask a dealer or an authorized technician to install, relocate and repair the unit.
- (4) This unit should be installed in rooms which exceed the floor space specified in outdoor unit installation manual. Refer to outdoor unit installation manual.
- (5) Install the indoor unit at least 2.5 m above floor or grade level.
- For appliances not accessible to the general public.
- (6) Refrigerant pipes connection shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.
- (7) If the air conditioner is installed in a small room or closed room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration in the room from exceeding the safety limit in the event of refrigerant leakage. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the concentration limit to be exceeded, hazards due to lack of oxygen in the room may result.
- (8) Keep gas-burning appliances, electric heaters, and other fire sources (ignition sources) away from the location where installation, repair, and other air conditioner work will be performed.
- If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released. (9) When installing or relocating, or servicing the air conditioner, use only the specified refrigerant written on out
 - door unit to charge the refrigerant lines.

Do not mix it with any other refrigerant and do not allow air to remain in the lines.

If air is mixed with the refrigerant, then it can be the cause of abnormal high pressure in the refrigerant line, and may result in an explosion and other hazards.

- (10) After installation has been completed, check for refrigerant leaks. If refrigerant leaks into the room and comes into contact with the flame of a heater or portable cooking range, poisonous gases will be released.
- (11) Do not use low temperature solder alloy in case of brazing the refrigerant pipes.
- (12) When performing brazing work, be sure to ventilate the room sufficiently. Make sure that there are no hazardous or flammable materials nearby.

When performing the work in a closed room, small room, or similar location, make sure that there are no refrigerant leaks before performing the work.

If refrigerant leaks and accumulates, it may ignite or poisonous gases may be released.

- (13) Do not install the unit in places where refrigerant may build-up or places with poor ventilation such as a semibasement or a sunken place in outdoor: Refrigerant is heavier than air, and inclined to fall away from the leak source.
- (14) Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- (15) The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- (16) Do not pierce or burn.
- (17) Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.
- (18) Pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
- (19) The installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum.
- (20) Compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- (21) Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.
- (22) Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
- (23) The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation.
- (24) Maintenance, service and repair operations shall be performed by authorized technician with required qualification.

[2] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

[3] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- (1) Check that cylinder for R32/R410A available on the market is a syphon type.
- (2) Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)

[4] Cautions for unit using R32 refrigerant

Basic work procedures are the same as those for conventional units using refrigerant R410A. However, pay careful attention to the following points.

- (1) Information on servicing
- (1-1) Checks on the Area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

For repair to the refrigerating systems, (1-3) to (1-7) shall be completed prior to conducting work on the systems. (1-2) Work Procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapor being present while the work is being performed.

(1-3) General Work Area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.

- (1-4) Checking for Presence of Refrigerant The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.
- (1-5) Presence of Fire Extinguisher If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand.

Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

(1-6) No Ignition Sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

(1-7) Ventilated Area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

(1-8) Checks on the Refrigeration Equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

- The charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
- The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- Refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being corroded.
- (1-9) Checks on Electrical Devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised. Initial safety checks shall include that:

- · capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- there is continuity of earth bonding
- (2) Repairs to Sealed Components
- (2-1) During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- (2-2) Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc. Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.

Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.

Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

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(3) Repair to intrinsically Safe Components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

(4) Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

(5) Detection of Flammable Refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

(6) Leak Detection Methods

Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

(7) Removal and Evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant
- · purge the circuit with inert gas
- evacuate
- purge again with inert gas
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times.

Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

(8) Charging Procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed:

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- · Cylinders shall be kept upright.
- . Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leaktested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

(9) Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

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- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

(10) Labelling

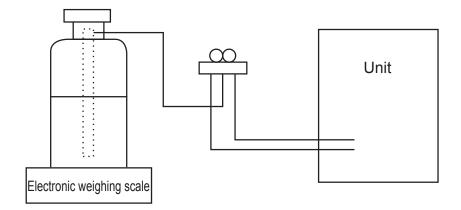
Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

(11) Recovery

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely. When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders. If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.



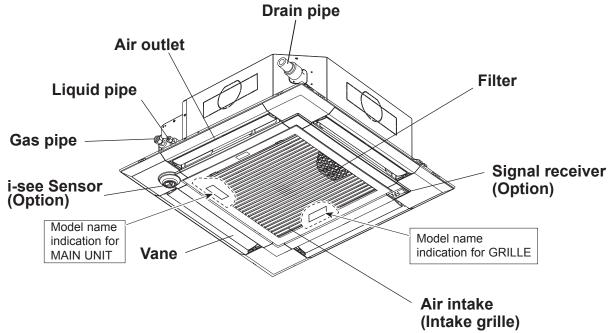
[5] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R32/R410A refrigerant. Refer to the spec name plate on outdoor unit for the type of refrigerant being used.

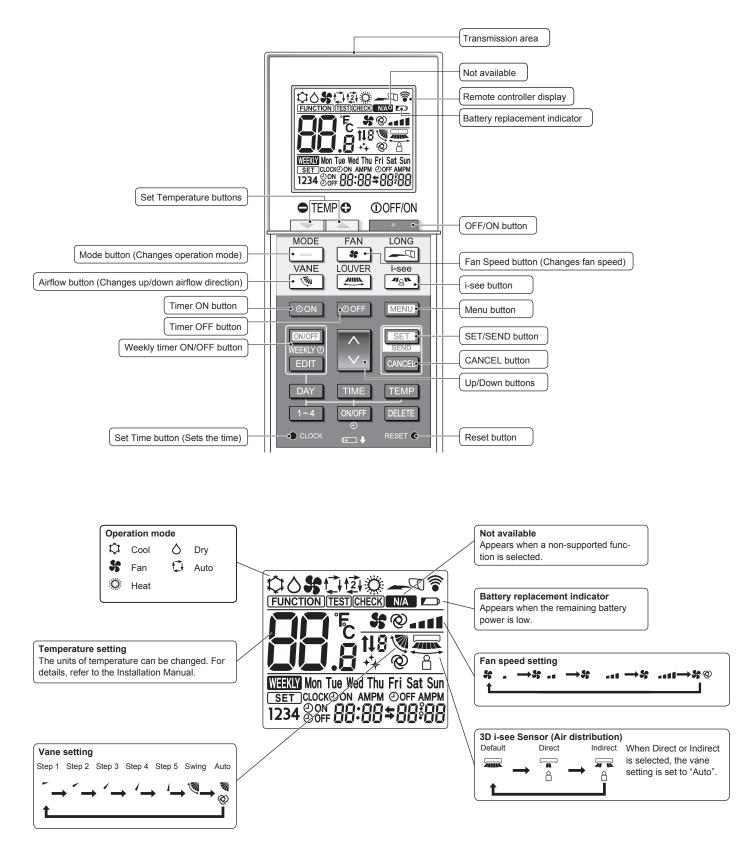
No.	Tool name	Specifications
1.	Gauge manifold	· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
2.	Charge hose	· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
3.	Electronic weighing scale	_
4.	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407, R410A, or R32.
5.	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
6.	Refrigerant charge base	_
7.	Refrigerant cylinder	· R32 or R410A refrigerant
		· Cylinder with syphon
8.	Refrigerant recovery equipment	—



3.1 INDOOR UNIT



3-2. WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROLLER (Option)

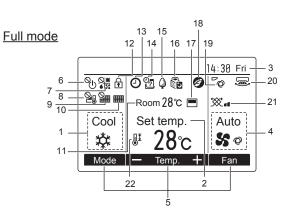


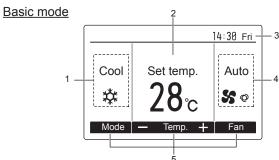
3-3. Wired remote controller (Option) PAR-33MAA

The functions which can be used are restricted according to each model.



The main display can be displayed in 2 different modes: "Full" and "Basic." The initial setting is "Full."

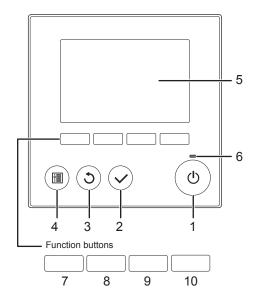




Note: All icons are displayed for explanation

Controller interface

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When the backlight is off, pressing any button turns the backlight on and does not perform its function. (except for the ON/OFF button)
Most settings (except ON/OFF, mode, fan speed, temperature) can be made from the Menu screen.

- 1 Operation mode Indoor unit operation mode appears here.
- 2 Preset temperature
- Preset temperature appears here.
- 3 Clock (See the Installation Manual.) Current time appears here.

4 Fan speed Fan speed setting appears here.

- 5 Button function guide Functions of the corresponding buttons appear here.
- Appears when the ON/OFF operation is centrally controlled.
- 7 Six Appears when the operation mode is centrally controlled
- Appears when the preset temperature is centrally controlled.
- 9 Appears when the filter reset function is centrally controlled.
- 10 IIII Indicates when filter needs maintenance.
- 11 Room temperature (See the Installation Manual.)
- Current room temperature appears here
 - Appears when the buttons are locked.

1 ON/OFF button

Press to turn ON/OFF the indoor unit.

.

2 SELECT button

Press to save the setting.

3 **RETURN** button Press to return to the previous screen.

4 MENU button Press to bring up the Main menu.

5 Backlit LCD

Operation settings will appear. When the backlight is off, pressing any button turns the backlight on and it will stay lit for a certain period of time depending on the screen.

6 ON/OFF lamp

This lamp lights up in green while the unit is in operation. It blinks while the remote controller is starting up or when there is an error.

- 13 🕘
 - Appears when the On/Off timer or Night setback function is enabled.
- 14 07
 - Appears when the Weekly timer is enabled.

15 🖨

Appears while the units are operated in the energy-saving mode.

16

Appears while the outdoor units are operated in the silent mode.

17

Appears when the built-in thermistor on the remote controller is activated to monitor the room temperature (a).

appears when the thermistor on the indoor unit is activated to monitor the room temperature.

18 Ø

Appears when the units are operated in the energy-saving mode with 3D i-see Sensor.

Indicates the vane setting.

20 🔙

Indicates the louver setting

21 XX

Indicates the ventilation setting.

Appears when the preset temperature range is restricted.

.

The functions of the function buttons change depending on the screen. Refer to the button function guide that appears at the bottom of the LCD for the functions they serve on a given screen. When the system is centrally controlled, the button function guide that corresponds to the locked button will not appear.

Main display Main menu Main menu 1/3 n 28°C 🖃 Set temp. 78°c nyeka) ar⊾ ∢ Page ► ٦r ٦r חר 8 9 0 7 8 9 0 Function guide

7 Function button F1

Main display: Press to change the operation mode. Main menu: Press to move the cursor down.

8 Function button F2

Main display: Press to decrease temperature. Main menu: Press to move the cursor up.

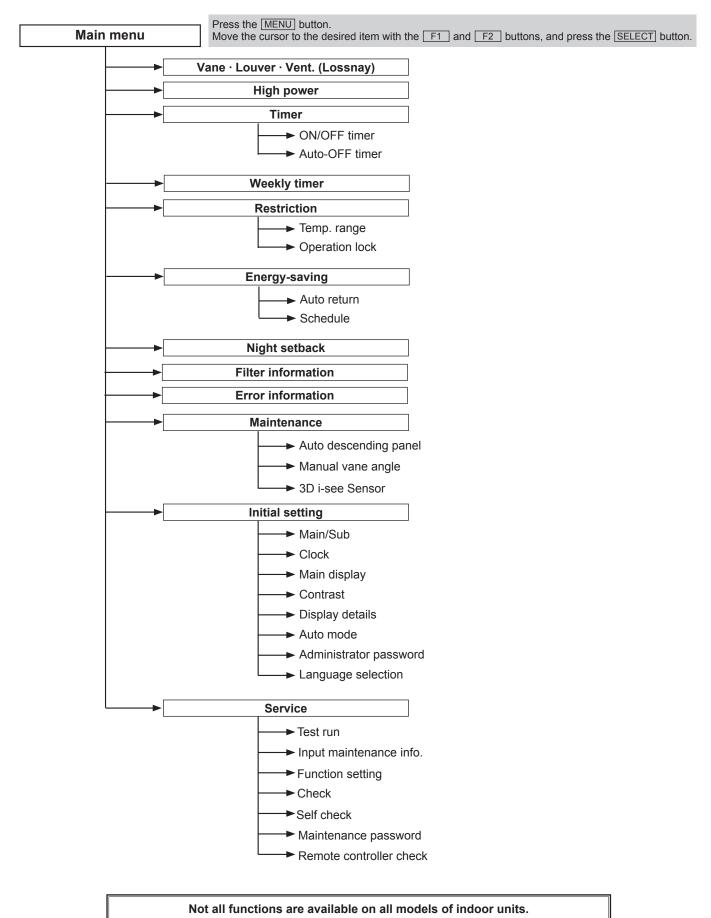
9 Function button F3

Main display: Press to increase temperature. Main menu: Press to go to the previous page.

10 Function button F4

Main display: Press to change the fan speed. Main menu: Press to go to the next page.

Menu structure



Setting a	nd display items	Setting details					
Vane · Louver · Vent. (Lossnay) High power**		Use to set the vane angle. Select a desired vane setting from 5 different settings. Use to turn ON/OFF the louver. Select a desired setting from "ON" and "OFF." Use to set the amount of ventilation. Select a desired setting from "OFF," "Low," and "High." 					
		Use to reach the comfortable room temperature quickly. • Units can be operated in the High-power mode for up to 30 minutes.					
Timer ON/OFF timer*		Use to set the operation ON/OFF times. • Time can be set in 5-minute increments.					
	Auto-Off timer	Use to set the Auto-OFF time. • Time can be set to a value from 30 to 240 in 10-minute increments.					
Filter information	on	Use to check the filter status. • The filter sign can be reset.					
Error information	on	 Use to check error information when an error occurs. Check code, error source, refrigerant address, unit model, manufacturing number, contact information (dealer's phone number) can be displayed. (The unit model, manufacturing number, and contact information need to be registered in advance to be displayed.) 					
Weekly timer*		Use to set the weekly operation ON/OFF times. • Up to 8 operation patterns can be set for each day. (Not valid when the ON/OFF timer is enabled.)					
Energy-saving	Auto return	Use to get the units to operate at the preset temperature after performing energy-saving operation for a specified time period. • Time can be set to a value from 30 and 120 in 10-minute increments. (This function will not be valid when the preset temperature ranges are restricted.)					
	Schedule*	Set the start/stop times to operate the units in the energy-saving mode for each day of the week, and set the energy-saving rate. • Up to 4 energy-saving operation patterns can be set for each day. • Time can be set in 5-minute increments. • Energy-saving rate can be set to a value from 0% and 50 to 90% in 10% increments.					
Night setback*		Use to make Night setback settings. • Select "Yes" to enable the setting, and "No" to disable the setting. The temperature range and the start/stop times can be se					
Restriction	Temp. range	Use to restrict the preset temperature range. • Different temperature ranges can be set for different operation modes.					
	Operation lock	Use to lock selected functions. • The locked functions cannot be operated.					
Maintenance	Auto descending panel	Auto descending panel (Optional parts) UP/DOWN you can do.					
	Manual vane angle	Use to set the vane angle for each vane to a fixed position.					
	3D i-see Sensor	Use to set the following functions for 3D i-see Sensor. • Air distribution • Energy-saving option • Seasonal airflow					
Initial setting	Main/Sub	When connecting 2 remote controllers, one of them needs to be designated as a sub controller.					
	Clock	Use to set the current time.					
	Main display	Use to switch between "Full" and "Basic" modes for the Main display. • The initial setting is "Full."					
	Contrast	Use to adjust screen contrast.					
Initial setting	Display details	Make the settings for the remote controller related items as necessary. Clock: The initial settings are "Yes" and "24h" format. Temperature: Set either Celsius (°C) or Fahrenheit (°F). Room temp. : Set Show or Hide. Auto mode: Set the Auto mode display or Only Auto display.					
	Auto mode	Whether or not to use the AUTO mode can be selected by using the button. This setting is valid only when indoor units with the AUTO mode function are connected.					
	Administrator pass- word	The administrator password is required to make the settings for the following items. • Timer setting • Energy-saving setting • Weekly timer setting • Restriction setting • Outdoor unit silent mode setting • Night set back					
	Language selection	Use to select the desired language.					
Service	Test run	Select "Test run" from the Service menu to bring up the Test run menu. • Test run • Drain pump test run					
	Input maintenance	Select "Input maintenance Info." from the Service menu to bring up the Maintenance information screen. The following settings can be made from the Maintenance Information screen. • Model name input • Serial No. input • Dealer information input					
	Function setting	Make the settings for the indoor unit functions via the remote controller as necessary.					
	LOSSNAY setting (City Multi only)	This setting is required only when the operation of City Multi units is interlocked with LOSSNAY units.					
	Check	Error history: Display the error history and execute "delete error history". Refrigerant leak check (**): Refrigerant leaks can be judged. Smooth maintenance (**): The indoor and outdoor maintenance data can be displayed. Request code (**): Details of the operation data including each thermistor temperature and error history can be checked.					
	Self check	Error history of each unit can be checked via the remote controller.					
	Maintenance password Remote controller check	Use to change the maintenance password. When the remote controller does not work properly, use the remote controller checking function to trouble- shoot the problem.					

* Clock setting is required. ** The function is not available for SUZ models/some of P models.

	Service I	Ref.			PLA-M35EA.UK	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phas	se, 50Hz, 230 V
		Input		kW	0.03	0.03
		Running current		A	0.20	0.18
	External finish (Grille)				Munsell	1.0Y 9.2/0.2
	Heat excl	Heat exchanger			Plate	e fin coil
UNIT	Fan	Fan (drive) × No.			Turbo fan (direct) × 1	
		Fan motor output		kW	C	0.050
18		Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min	11-1	3-15-16
NDOOR		External static pressure		Pa (mmAq)	O(dire	ect blow)
≤	Booster h	leater		kW		_
	Operation	n control & Thermost	at		Remote controller & built-in	
	Noise leve	el SPL(Low-Medium2-I	Medium1-High	dB(A)	26-2	8-29-31
	Field drai	n pipe O.D.		mm (in)	32	(1-1/4)
	Dimensio	ns	W	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	GRILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			D	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	GRILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			Н	mm (in)	UNIT : 258 (10-3/16)	GRILLE : 40 (1-9/16)
	Weight			kg	UNIT : 19	GRILLE : 5

	Service Ref.				PLA-M50EA.UK	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phas	e, 50Hz, 230 V
		Input		kW	0.03	0.03
		Running current		А	0.22	0.20
	External finish (Grille)				Munsell	1.0Y 9.2/0.2
l⊑ ∣	Heat exchanger				Plate	e fin coil
UNIT	Fan	Fan Fan (drive) × No.			Turbo fai	n (direct) × 1
		Fan motor output		kW	0	0.050
18		Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min	12-1	4-16-18
NDOOR		External static pressure		Pa (mmAq)	0(dire	ect blow)
≤	Booster h	eater		kW		-
		o control & Thermost			Remote controller & built-in	
	Noise leve	I SPL (Low-Medium2-	Medium1-High)	dB(A)	27-2	9-31-32
	Field drai	n pipe O.D.		mm (in)		(1-1/4)
	Dimensio	ns	W	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	GRILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			D	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	GRILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			Н	mm (in)	UNIT : 258 (10-3/16)	
	Weight			kg	UNIT : 19	GRILLE : 5

	Service Ref.				PLA-M60EA.UK	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phas	se, 50Hz, 230 V
		Input		kW	0.03	0.03
		Running current		A	0.24	0.22
	External finish (Grille)				Munsell	1.0Y 9.2/0.2
l⊨	Heat exchanger				Plate	e fin coil
UNIT	Fan	Fan (drive) × No.			Turbo fa	n (direct) × 1
		Fan motor output		kW	C	0.050
18		Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min	12-1	4-16-18
INDOOR		External static pressure		Pa (mmAq)	0(direct blow)	
≤	Booster h	eater		kW	_	
	Operation	control & Thermosta	at		Remote controller & built-in	
	Noise leve	SPL (Low-Medium2-	Medium1-High)	dB(A)	27-2	29-31-32
	Field drai	n pipe O.D.		mm (in)		(1-1/4)
	Dimensio	Dimensions W		mm (in)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GRILLE: 950 (37-3/8)
			D	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	GRILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			Н	mm (in)	UNIT : 258 (10-3/16)	
	Weight	Weight			UNIT : 21	GRILLE : 5

4

	Service Ref.				PLA-M71EA.UK	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phase	se, 50Hz, 230 V
		Input		kW	0.04	0.04
		Running current		А	0.27	0.25
	External finish (Grille)				Munsell	1.0Y 9.2/0.2
E	Heat exchanger				Plat	e fin coil
UNIT	Fan	Fan Fan (drive) × No.			Turbo fa	n (direct) × 1
		Fan motor output		kW		0.05
NDOOR		Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min	14-1	17-19-21
ĕ		External static pressure		Pa (mmAq)	O(dir	ect blow)
≤	Booster h	leater		kW		-
	Operation	n control & Thermosta	at		Remote controller & built-in	
	Noise leve	el SPL (Low-Medium2-I	Medium1-High)	dB(A)	28-3	30-32-34
	Field drai	n pipe O.D.		mm (in)	32	(1-1/4)
	Dimensio	Dimensions W		mm (in)	()	GRILLE: 950 (37-3/8)
			D	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16)	GRILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			Н	mm (in)	UNIT : 258 (10-3/16)	
	Weight	Weight			UNIT : 21	GRILLE : 5

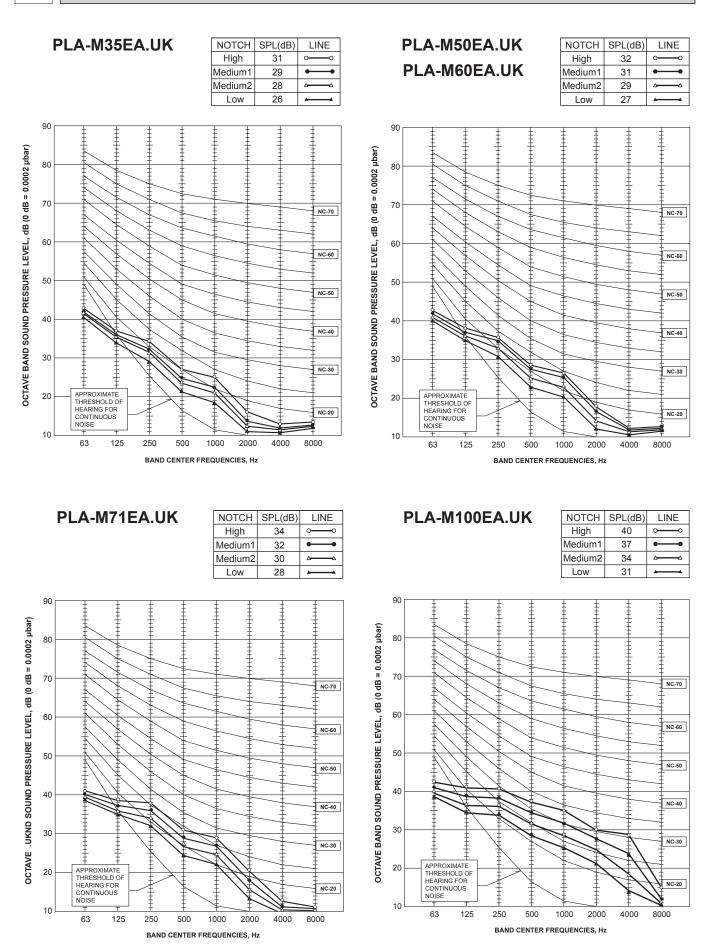
	Service	Ref.			PLA-M100EA.UK	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phase, 50)Hz, 230 V
		Input		kW	0.07	0.07
		Running current		A	0.46	0.44
	External finish (Grille)				Munsell 1.0Y	9.2/0.2
E	Heat exchanger				Plate fin o	coil
UNIT	Fan	Fan (drive) × No.			Turbo fan (dir	rect) × 1
		Fan motor output		kW	0.120	
NDOOR		Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min	19-23-26-29	
ğ		External static pressure		Pa (mmAq)	0(direct bl	low)
≤	Booster h	neater		kW	-	
	Operation	n control & Thermosta	at		Remote controller & built-in	
		el SPL (Low-Medium2-l	Medium1-High)	dB(A)	31-34-37	-40
	Field drai	n pipe O.D.		mm (in)	32(1-1/4	4)
	Dimensio	ns	W	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16) GR	ILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
		D		mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16) GR	ILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			Н	mm (in)	UNIT : 298 (11-3/4) GR	RILLE : 40 (1-9/16)
	Weight	Weight			UNIT : 24	GRILLE : 5

	Service Ref.				PLA-M125EA.UK	
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phase, 5	60Hz, 230 V
		Input		kW	0.10	0.10
		Running current		A	0.66	0.64
	External f	External finish (Grille)			Munsell 1.0	Y 9.2/0.2
	Heat exchanger				Plate fin	coil
UNIT	Fan	Fan (drive) × No.			Turbo fan (direct) × 1	
		Fan motor output		kW	0.12	0
NDOOR		Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min	21-25-28-31	
lĕ		External static pressure		Pa (mmAq)	0(direct blow)	
≤	Booster h	eater		kW	-	
	Operation control & Thermostat				Remote controller & built-in	
		I SPL (Low-Medium2-I	Medium1-High)	dB(A)	33-37-4	1-44
	Field drain	n pipe O.D.		mm (in)	32(1-1	/4)
	Dimensio	ns	W	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16) GI	RILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
		D		mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16) GI	RILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			Н	mm (in)	UNIT : 298 (11-3/4) G	RILLE : 40 (1-9/16)
	Weight				UNIT : 26	GRILLE : 5

	Service Ref.			PLA-M140EA.UK		
	Mode				Cooling	Heating
	Power supply (phase, cycle, voltage)			Single phase, 5	0Hz, 230 V	
		Input		kW	0.10	0.10
		Running current		A	0.66	0.64
	External f	finish (Grille)			Munsell 1.01	Y 9.2/0.2
E	Heat exch	nanger			Plate fin	coil
UNIT	Fan	Fan(drive) × No.			Turbo fan (di	irect) × 1
	Fan motor output		kW	0.120	0	
8	Airflow (Low-Medium2-Medium1-High)		m³/min	24-26-29	9-32	
INDOOR	External static pressure		Pa (mmAq)	0(direct blow)		
≤	Booster heater		kW	-		
	Operation	n control & Thermost	at		Remote control	ler & built-in
		el SPL (Low-Medium2-	Medium1-High)	dB(A)	36-39-42	2-44
	Field drain pipe O.D.		mm (in)	32(1-1		
	Dimensions W		mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16) GI	RILLE : 950 (37-3/8)	
			D	mm (in)	UNIT : 840 (33-1/16) GI	RILLE : 950 (37-3/8)
			Н	mm (in)	UNIT : 298 (11-3/4) G	RILLE : 40 (1-9/16)
	Weight kg		kg	UNIT : 26	GRILLE : 5	

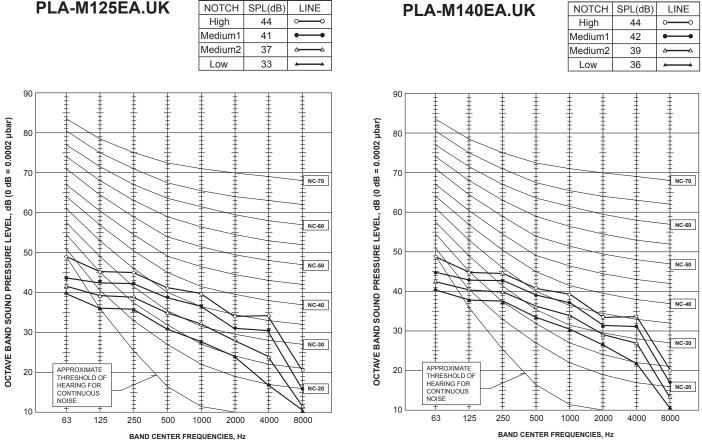
NOISE CRITERION CURVES

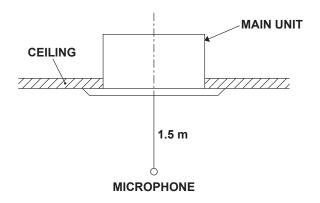
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PLA-M125EA.UK

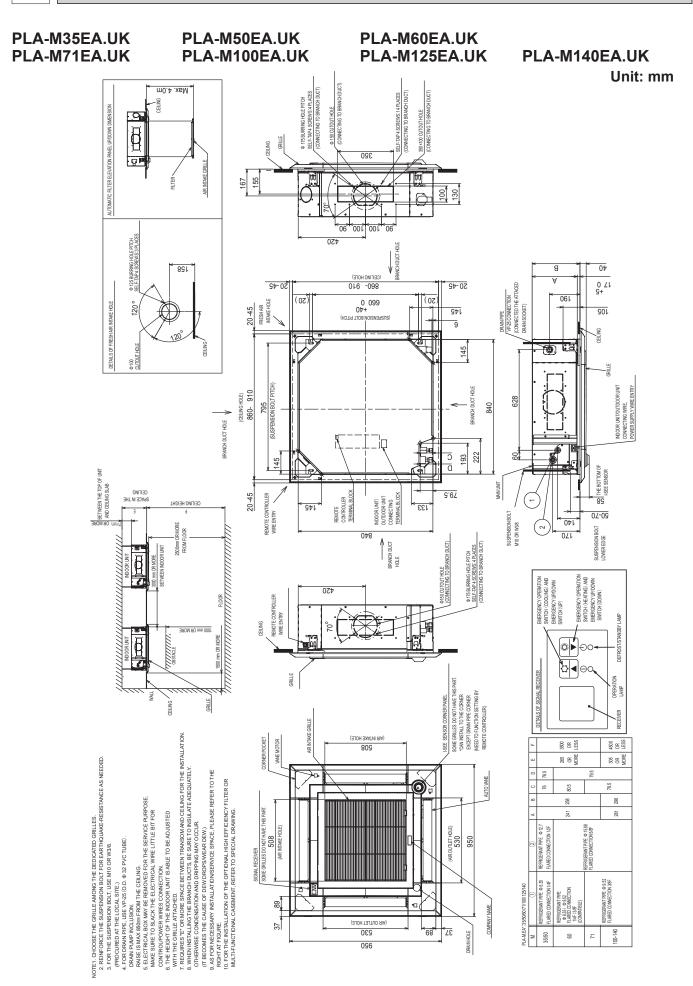




OCH697

OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

6





WIRING DIAGRAM

PLA-M35EA.UK PLA-M71EA.UK

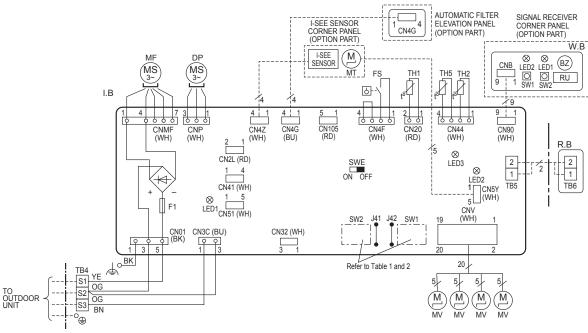
PLA-M50EA.UK PLA-M100EA.UK

PLA-M60EA.UK PLA-M125EA.UK

PLA-M140EA.UK

SYMBOL	NAME	S	SYMBOL	NAME
I.B	INDOOR CONTROLLER BOARD	-	B4	TERMINAL BLOCK (INDOOR/OUTDOOR
CN2L	CONNECTOR (LOSSNAY)	1'	B4	CONNECTING LINE)
CN32	CONNECTOR (REMOTE SWITCH)	-	B5.TB6	TERMINAL BLOCK (REMOTE CONTROLLER
CN41	CONNECTOR (HA TERMINAL-A)	1'	65,160	TRANSMISSION LINE)
CN51	CONNECTOR (CENTRALLY CONTROL)	_	H1	ROOM TEMP. THERMISTOR
F1	FUSE (T6.3AL250V)	1	пі	(0°C / 15kΩ, 25°C / 5. 4kΩ DETECT)
LED1	POWER SUPPLY (I.B)	-	H2	PIPE TEMP. THERMISTOR/LIQUID
LED2	POWER SUPPLY (R.B)	1'	пг	(0°C / 15kΩ, 25°C / 5. 4kΩ DETECT)
LED3	TRANSMISSION (INDOOR-OUTDOOR)	TH5		COND. / EVA. TEMP. THERMISTOR
SW1	SWITCH (MODEL SELECTION) Refer to <table 1="">.</table>	Ľ	пэ	(0°C / 15kΩ, 25°C / 5. 4kΩ DETECT)
SW2	SWITCH (CAPACITY CODE) Refer to <table 2="">.</table>	R	l.B	WIRED REMOTE CONTROLLER
SWE	CONNECTOR (EMERGENCY OPERATION)	0	PTION PART	
DP	DRAIN PUMP		W.B	PCB OF SIGNAL RECEIVER
FS	DRAIN FLOAT SWITCH		BZ	BUZZER
MF	FAN MOTOR			LED (OPERATION INDICATION : GREEN)
MV	VANE MOTOR		LED2	LED (PREPARATION FOR HEATING : ORANGE
			RU	RECEIVING UNIT
			SW1	EMERGENCY OPERATION (HEAT / DOWN)
			SW2	EMERGENCY OPERATION (COOL / UP)
			MT	I-SEE SENSOR MOTOR
			TB2	TERMINAL BLOCK (INDOOR UNIT POWER
			I DZ	AND TRANSMISSION LINE)

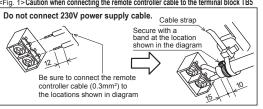
< l able	1> SW1 (MODEL	SELEC	HON)			
MODELS	Manufacture/Service					
PLA-	123456					
M.EA						
L						
	2> SW2 (CAPACI					
CAPACITY	Manufacture/Service	CAPACITY	Manufacture/Service	CAPACITY	Manufacture/Service	
0.5	12345		12345		12345	
35		71		140		
50		100	12345 ON	The bla	ack square () indica	ates
	OFF		OFF	a switc	h position.	
	12345		12345	1		
60		125				

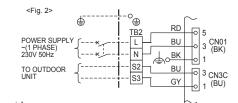


- Notes: 1. Symbols used in wiring diagram above are, <u>similar</u>: Terminal (block), <u>o o o</u>:Connector.
 2. Indoor and outdoor connecting wires are made with polarities, make wiring matching terminal numbers (S1, S2, S3).
 3. Since the outdoor side electric wiring may change be sure to check the outdoor unit electric wiring for servicing.
 4. This diagram shows the wiring of indoor and outdoor connecting wires (specification of 230V), adopting superimposed system of power and signal.

 - Wres (specification of 230V), adopting superimposed system of power and signal.
 If the separate indoor/outdoor unit power supplied system is applied, refer to Fig 2.
 For power supply system of this unit, refer to the caution label located near this diagram.

<Fig. 1>Caution when connecting the remote controller cable to the terminal block TB5





[Self-diagnosis] 1. For details on how to operate self-diagnosis with the wireless remote controller, refer to the technical manuals etc.

Check code	Symptom	Check code	Symptom
P1	Abnormality of room temperature thermistor (TH1).	PB(Pb)	Indoor unit fan motor error.
P2	Abnormality of pipe temperature thermistor / Liquid (TH2).	PL	Refrigerant circuit abnormal.
P4	Float switch connector open (FS).	E0~E5	Abnormality of the signal transmission between
P5	Malfunction of Drain pump.	E0~E3	remote controller and indoor unit.
P6	Freezing / overheating protection is working.	E6~EF	Abnormality of the signal transmission between
P8	Abnormality of pipe temperature.	E0~EF	indoor unit and outdoor unit.
P9	Abnormality of pipe temperature	FB(Fb)	Abnormality of indoor controller board.
F9	thermistor / Cond. /Eva. (TH5).	U*, F*	Abnormality in outdoor unit. Refer to outdoor
PA	Leakage error (refrigerant system)		unit wiring diagram.

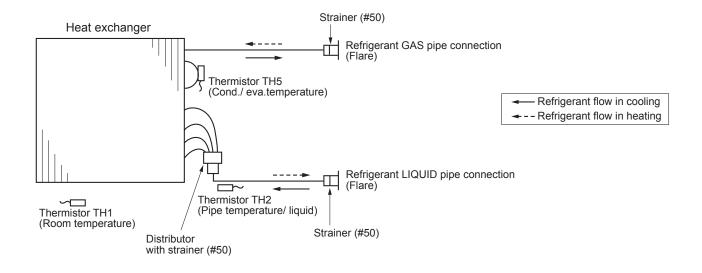
REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PLA-M35EA.UK PLA-M71EA.UK

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PLA-M50EA.UK PLA-M100EA.UK PLA-M60EA.UK PLA-M125EA.UK

PLA-M140EA.UK



9-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

<Check code displayed by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past check codes are logged, and they can be displayed on the wired remote controller or controller board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring in the field, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

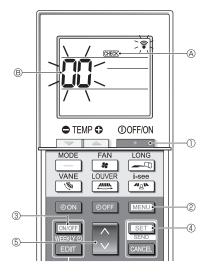
Unit conditions at service	Check code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is reoccurring.	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "9-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE".
	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS".
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	 Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise, etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring, etc. Reset check code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.
	Not logged	 Re-check the abnormal symptom. Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS". Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.

9-2. MALFUNCTION-DIAGNOSIS METHOD BY REMOTE CONTROLLER

<In case of trouble during operation>

When a malfunction occurs to air conditioner, both indoor unit and outdoor unit will stop and operation lamp blinks to inform unusual stop.

<Self-check>



- 1. Press the $\hfill \hfill \$
- If the weekly timer is enabled (MERC) is on), press the WEEKWO 3 to disable it (MERC) is off). 2. Press the MERC button 2 for 5 seconds.
 - CHECK \triangle comes on and the unit enters the self-check mode.
- 3. Press the button (5) to select the refrigerant address (M-NET address) (8) of the indoor unit for which you want to perform the self-check.
- 4. Press the SET button 4.
 - If an error is detected, the check code is indicated by the number of beeps from the indoor unit and the number of blinks of the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp.
- 5. Press the **____** button ①.
 - $\ensuremath{\mbox{\tiny CHECK}}$ () and the refrigerant address (M-NET address) () go off and the self-check is completed.

Refer to the following tables for [Output pattern A]	or details on the	check codes.		
	Number of blinks/bee	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1 & 1 \\ \hline 3^{rd} \\ \hline 0^{n} \\ \hline 0^{rd} \hline 0^{rd} \\ \hline 0^{rd} \\ \hline 0^{rd} \hline 0^$		
[Output pattern B]				
Beeper sounds Beep OPERATION INDICATOR Iamp blinking pattern Self-check Approx. : (Start signal received)	2.5 s Approx	Number of blinks/beeps in pattern indicates the check Number	Beep Beep 1 st 2 nd ··· Repeated On On 0.5 s 0.5 s of blinks/beeps in pattern indicates c code in the following table	
[Output pattern A] Errors detected	ed by indoor unit			
Wireless remote controller	Wired remote controller			
Beeper sounds/OPERATION INDICATOR lamp blinks (Number of times)		Symptom	Remark	
1	P1	Intake sensor error	_	
2	P2	Pipe (TH2) sensor error	_	
	P9	Pipe (TH5) sensor error		
3	E6, E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error		
4	P4	Drain sensor error / Float switch connector open		
5	P5	Drain overflow protection operation	_	
6	PA P6	Forced compressor error (due to water leakage abnormality) Freeze (during cooling operation)/Overheat protection operation (during heatin operation)	g	
7	EE	Combination error between indoor and outdoor unit	-	
8	P8	Pipe temperature error	-	
9	E4, E5	Communication error between wired remote controller and indoor unit	7	
10	_ ·	_	-	
11	Pb	Indoor unit fan motor error	7	
12	Fb	Indoor unit control system error (memory error, etc.)		
14				
_	E0,E3	Remote controller transmission error		
_	E1,E2	Remote controller control board error		
[Output pattern B] Errors detecte Note: The supported check codes	may vary depend			
Wireless remote controller	Wired remote			

Beeper sounds/OPERATION Symptom Remark Check code INDICATOR lamp blinks (Number of times) E9 Indoor/outdoor unit communication error 1 2 UP Compressor overcurrent interruption 3 U3, U4 Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors 4 UF Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked) 5 U2 Abnormal high discharging temperature/49C worked/insufficient refrigerant 6 U1, Ud Abnormal high pressure (63H worked)/Overheat protection operation 7 U5 Abnormal temperature of heat sink For details, check the LED display of the outdoor 8 U8 Outdoor unit fan protection stop controller board. 9 U6 Compressor overcurrent interruption/Abnormal of power module 10 U7 Abnormality of super heat due to low discharge temperature Abnormality such as overvoltage or voltage shortage and abnormal synchro-11 U9, UH nous signal to main circuit/Current sensor error 12 13 _ 14 Others Other errors (Refer to the technical manual for the outdoor unit.)

Notes:

1. If the beeper does not sound again after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received and

the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp does not come on, there are no error records.

2. If the beeper sounds 3 times continuously "beep, beep, beep, (0.4 + 0.4 + 0.4 seconds)" after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received, the specified refrigerant address is incorrect.

 On wireless remote controller The continuous buzzer sounds from receiving section of indoor unit.

Blink of operation lamp

On wired remote controller

Check code displayed in the LCD.

Continued to the next page

• If the unit cannot be operated properly after the test run, refer to the following table to find out the cause.

Symp	tom	Cause	
Wired remote	e controller	Cause	
PLEASE WAIT	For about 2 minutes after power-on	•For about 2 minutes after power-on,operation of the remote controller is not possible due to system startup. (Correct operation)	
PLEASE WAIT \rightarrow check code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes after power-on	 Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected. Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block 	
No messages appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).		 Incorrect wiring between indoor and outdoor units. (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3) Remote controller wire short 	

On the wireless remote controller with condition above, following phenomena take place. • No signals from the remote controller can be received. • Operation lamp is blinking. • The buzzer makes a short ping sound.

Note: Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation)

For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the indoor controller, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller. This LED lights only in the case of the indoor unit which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant address "0".
LED3 (communication between indoor and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the indoor and outdoor units. Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

9-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

Note: Errors to be detected in outdoor unit, such as codes starting with F, U or E (excluding E0 to E7), are not covered in this document. Please refer to the outdoor unit's service manual for the details.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P1	 Room temperature thermistor (TH1) The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation. Short: -90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 	 Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Defective indoor controller board 	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. 0°C 15.0 kΩ 10°C 9.6 kΩ 20°C 6.3 kΩ 30°C 4.3 kΩ 40°C 3.0 kΩ If you put force on (draw or bend) the lead wire while measuring resistance value of thermistor, breaking of wire or contact failure can be detected. ② Check contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board. Refer to "9-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Turn the power on again and check restart after inserting connector again. ④ Check room temperature display on remote controller. Replace indoor controller board if there is abnormal difference with actual room temperature.
P2	 Pipe temperature thermistor/Liquid (TH2) The unit is in 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating (except defrosting) operation Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 	 Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Defective refrigerant circuit is causing thermistor temperature of 90°C or more or -40°C or less. Defective indoor controller board 	 after check. ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1). ② Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board. Refer to "9-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again. ④ Check pipe <liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If pipe <liquid> temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defective.</liquid></liquid> ⑤ Check pipe <liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If there is extremely difference with actual pipe <liquid> temperature, replace indoor controller board.</liquid></liquid> Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.
P4	 Contact failure of drain float switch (CN4F) Extract when the connector of drain float switch is disconnected. (③ and ④ of connector CN4F is not short-circuited.) Constantly detected during operation 	 ① Contact failure of connector (Insert failure) ② Defective indoor controller board 	 Check contact failure of float switch connector. Turn the power on again and check after inserting connector again. Operate with connector (CN4F) short- circuited. Replace indoor controller board if abnormality reappears.
P5	 Drain overflow protection operation Suspensive abnormality, if drain float switch is detected to be underwater for 1 minute and 30 seconds continuously with drain pump on. Compressor and indoor fan will be turned off. Drain pump is abnormal if the condition above is detected during suspensive abnormality. Constantly detected during drain pump operation 	 Malfunction of drain pump Defective drain Clogged drain pump Clogged drain pipe Defective drain float switch Jamming of the drain float switch or malfunction of moving parts causing the drain float switch to be detected under water (Switch On) Defective indoor-controller board 	 Check if drain pump works. Check drain function. Remove drain float switch connector CN4F and check if it is short (Switch On) with the moving part of float switch UP, or OPEN with the moving part of float switch down. Replace float switch if it is short with the moving part of float switch down. Replace indoor controller board if it is short- circuited between ③-④ of the drain float switch connector CN4F and abnormality reappears. It is not abnormal if there is no problem about the above-mentioned ①-④. Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P5	 Drain pump lock protection operation ① Error postponement, if drain pump stops for 5 seconds continuously while drain pump is operating. ② Drain pump is abnormal if above condition is repeated 4 times after error postponement is detected. 	 Malfunction of drain pump Clogged drain pump Contact failure of connector Defective indoor controller board 	 Check if drain pump works. Check if drain pump works. Check contact failure of connector CNP Press the indoor emergency switch (SWE) to check the voltage between CNP^①-³. If 13 V DC, change the drain pump. If not 13 V DC, change the indoor con troller board.
	Freeze/overheat protection is operating ① Freeze protection (Cooling mode) The unit is in 6-minute resume preven- tion mode if pipe <liquid <br="" condenser="" or="">evaporator> temperature stays under -15°C for 3 minutes, 3 minutes after the compressor started. Abnormal if it stays under -15°C for 3 minutes again within 16 minutes after 6-minute resume pre- vention mode.</liquid>	 (Cooling or drying mode) ① Clogged filter (reduced airflow) ② Short cycle of air path ③ Low-load (low temperature) operation out of the tolerance range ④ Defective indoor fan motor Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defective. 	 (Cooling or drying mode) ① Check clogs of the filter. ② Remove blockage. ④ Refer to "9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".
P6	② Overheat protection (Heating mode) The unit is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe <liquid or<br="">condenser/evaporator> temperature is detected as over 70°C after the compressor started. Abnormal if the temperature of over 70°C is detected again within 30 minutes after 6-minute resume prevention mode.</liquid>	 Defective outdoor fan control Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) (Heating mode) Clogged filter (reduced airflow) Short cycle of air path Overload (high temperature) operation out of the tolerance range Defective indoor fan motor Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defec- tive. Defective outdoor fan control Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) Bypass circuit of outdoor unit is defective. 	 (b) Check outdoor fan motor. (c) Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit. (Heating mode) (c) Check clogs of the filter. (c) Remove blockage. (c) Refer to "9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS". (c) Check outdoor fan motor. (c) Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.
P8	 Pipe temperature <cooling mode=""></cooling> Detected as abnormal when the pipe temperature is not in the cooling range 3 minutes after compressor start and 6 minutes after the liquid or condenser/ evaporator pipe is out of cooling range. Note 1: It takes at least 9 minutes to detect. Note 2: Abnormality P8 is not detected in drying mode. Cooling range : -3°C ≧ (TH-TH1) TH: Lower temperature between liquid pipe temperature (TH2) and condenser/er/evaporator temperature (TH5) TH1: Intake temperature <heating mode=""></heating> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/evaporator pipe temperature is not in heating range within 20 minutes. Note 3: It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality. Note 4: It excludes the period of defrosting mode is over.) Heating range : 3°C ≦ (TH5-TH1) 	 Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe <liquid or condenser/evaporator> temperature thermistor</liquid Shortage of refrigerant Disconnected holder of pipe <liquid <br="" condenser="" or="">evaporator> thermistor</liquid> Defective refrigerant circuit Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection) Converse wiring of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection) Defective detection of indoor room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor</condenser> Stop valve is not opened completely. 	 ①-④ Check pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature with room temperature display on remote controller and outdoor controller circuit board. Pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature display is indicated by set ting SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board as follows.</liquid></liquid> (Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool(PAC-SK52ST)'.) ② Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
Ρ9	 Pipe temperature thermistor/ Condenser-Evaporator (TH5) The unit is in 3-minute resume protection mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not get back to normal within 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation (except defrosting) Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 	 Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Temperature of thermistor is 90°C or more or -40°C or less caused by defective refrigerant circuit. Defective indoor controller board 	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1). ② Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board. Refer to "9-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again. ④ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor controller circuit board. If pipe <con- denser/evaporator> temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defect.</con- </condenser> ⑤ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor control circuit board. If there is extreme difference with actual pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature, replace indoor controller board. There is no abnormality if none of above comes within the unit. Turn the power off, and on again to operate.</condenser></condenser> (In case of checking pipe temperature with outdoor controller circuit board, be sure to connect A-control service tool (PAC-SK52ST).
E0 or E4	 Remote controller transmission error(E0)/signal receiving error(E4) Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Check code : E0) Abnormal if sub remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. (Check code: E0) Abnormal if indoor controller board can not receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Check code: E4) Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Check code: E4) 	 Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Miswiring of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant addresses "0". Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller. 	 Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller Set one of the remote controllers "main" if there is no problem with the action above. Check wiring of remote controller. Total wiring length: max. 500m (Do not use cable x 3 or more.) The number of connecting indoor units: max. 16 units The number of connecting remote control- ler: max. 2 units If the cause of trouble is not any of ①–③ above, ④ Diagnose remote controllers. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, Remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "RC NG" is displayed, Replace remote controller. c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is dis- played, noise may be causing abnormality Note: If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor controller board of address "0" may be abnormal.
E3 or E5	 Remote controller transmission error(E3)/signal receiving error(E5) Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 sec- onds and could not transmit. (Check code: E3) Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time and compares the received and transmitted data. Abnormal if these data are judged to be different 30 continuous times. (Check code: E3) Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Check code: E5) Indoor controller board receives trans- mitted data at the same time and com- pares the received and transmitted data. Abnormal if these data are judged to be different 30 continuous times. (Check code: E5) 	 2 remote controllers are set as "main." (In case of 2 remote con- trollers) Remote controller is connected with 2 indoor units or more. Repetition of refrigerant address Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into trans- mission wire of remote control- ler. 	 Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub. Remote controller is connected with only one indoor unit. The address changes to a separate setting.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) ① Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on.	 Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire 	 Note: Check LED display on the outdoor contrcircuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) Refer to outdoor unit service manual. Check disconnection or looseness of indoor outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor unit coudoor unit. Check all the units in case of twin triple
E6	 Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes. Consider the unit abnormal under the following condition: When 2 or more indoor units are connected to an outdoor unit, indoor controller board cannot receive a signal for 3 minutes from outdoor controller circuit board, a signal which allows outdoor controller circuit board to transmit signals. 	 ② Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board ③ Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board ④ Noise has entered into indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. ⑤ Malfunction of fan motor 	 indoor unit system. (2)-(4) Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board or outdoo controller circuit board. (5) Turn the power off, and on again after remo ing the fan motor connectors (CNF1,2) from outdoor controller board. If normal, change fan motor. If abnormal reappears, change outdoor controller board.
			Note: Other indoor controller board may have defect in the case of twin triple indoor unit system.
E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) Abnormal if "1" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though indoor controller board has transmitted "0".	 Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into power supply. Noise has entered into outdoor control wire. 	①-③ Turn the power off, and on again to chec If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.
Fb	Indoor controller board Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the indoor controller board.	① Defective indoor controller board	① Replace indoor controller board.
E1 or E2	Remote controller control board ① Abnormal if data cannot be read nor- mally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Check code: E1)	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.
	 ② Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Check code: E2) 		
	 Forced compressor stop (due to water leakage abnormality) The unit has a water leakage abnormality when the following conditions, a) and b), are satisfied while the abovementioned detection is performed. a) The intake temperature subtracted with liquid pipe temperature detects 	 Drain pump trouble Drain defective Drain pump clogging Drain pipe clogging Open circuit of float switch 	 Check the drain pump. Check whether water can be drained. Check the resistance of the float switch.
	to be less than −10°C for a total of 30 minutes. (When the drain sensor is detected to be NOT soaked in the	 Open click of hold of hol	 ④ Check the connector contact failure.
PA	 water, the detection record of a) and b) will be cleared.) b) Drain float switch detects to be in the water for more than 15 minutes. Note: Once the water leakage abnormality is detected, abnormality state will not be released until the main power is reset. 	 Dew condensation on float switch Drain water trickles down lead wire. Drain water ripples due to filter clogging. 	⑤ Check the float switch leadwire mounted. Check the filter clogging.
		⑥ Extension piping connection difference at twin, triple or quadruple system	[®] Check the piping connection.
		 ⑦ Miswiring of indoor/ outdoor connecting at twin, triple or quadruple system ⑧ Room temperature thermistor/ liquid pipe temperature thermis- tor detection is defective. 	 ⑦ Check the indoor/outdoor connecting wires ⑧ Check the room temperature display of remote controller. Check the indoor liquid pipe temperature d play of outdoor controller board.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
Pb	Fan motor trouble	 Defective fan motor Defective indoor controller board 	①② Refer to "9-6-2. DC Fan Motor (FAN MOTOR/INDOOR CONTROLLER BOARD)".
PL	 Abnormal refrigerant circuit During Cooling, Dry, or Auto Cooling operation, the following conditions are regarded as failures when detected for 1 second. a) The compressor continues to run for 30 or more seconds. b) The liquid pipe temperature or the condenser/evaporator temperature is 75°C or more. These detected errors will not be cancelled until the power source is reset. 	 Abnormal operation of 4-way valve Disconnection of or leakage in refrigerant pipes Air into refrigerant piping Abnormal operation (no rotation) of indoor fan Defective fan motor Defective indoor control board. Defective refrigerant circuit (clogging) 	 When this error occurs, be sure to replace the 4-way valve. Check refrigerant pipes for disconnection or leakage. After the recovery of refrigerant, vacuum dry the whole refrigerant circuit. Refer to section "9-6-2. DC Fan motor (FAN MOTOR/INDOOR CONTROLLER BOARD) ". Check refrigerant circuit for operation. To avoid entry of moisture or air into refrigerant circuit which could cause abnormal high pressure, purge air in refrigerant circuit or replace refrigerant.

9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING OF PROBLEMS

Phenomena		Countermeasure
(1) LED2 on indoor controller board	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also off.	
is off.	 Power supply of rated voltage is not supplied to out- door unit. 	 Check the voltage of outdoor power supply terminal block (L, N) or (L₃, N). When 220–240 V AC is not detected, check the power wiring to outdoor unit and the breaker. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check © (below).
	② Defective outdoor controller circuit board	 Check the voltage between outdoor terminal block S1 and S2. When 220–240 V AC is not detected, —check the fuse on outdoor controller circuit board. —check the wiring connection. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check (3) (below).
	③ Power supply of 220–240 V is not supplied to indoor unit.	 (below). (Check the voltage between indoor terminal block S1 and S2. When 220–240 V AC is not detected, check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for miswiring. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check (4) (below).
	(4) Defective indoor controller board	 ④ Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection. If no problem is found, indoor controller board is defective.
	(For the separate indoor/outdoor unit power sup-	
	 ply system) Power supply of 220–240 V AC is not supplied to indoor unit. 	 Check the voltage of indoor power supply terminal block (L,N). When 220–240 V AC is not detected, check the power supply wiring. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check (below).
	② The connectors of the optional replacement kit are not used.	 (2) Check that there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors. • When there are problems in the method of connecting the connectors, connect the connector correctly referring to installation manual of an optional kit. • When there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors, check (3) (below).
	③ Defective indoor controller board	 ③ Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection. If no problem is found, indoor controller board is defective.
	 When LED1 on indoor controller board is lit. Mis-setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit (There is no unit corresponding to refrigerant address "0".) 	 Check again the setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit. Set the refrigerant address to "0". (For grouping control system under which 2 or more outdoor units are connected, set one of the units to "0".) Set refrigerant address using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.
L		

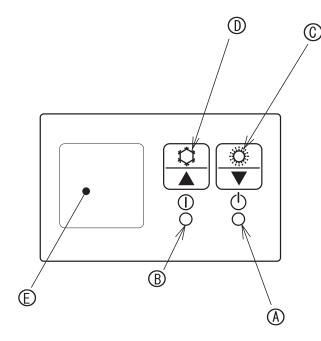
Note: Refer to the outdoor unit's service manual for the detail of remote controller.

Note: Refer to the outdoor unit's service manual for the detail of remote contro Phenomena Cause Countermeasure						
(2) LED2 on indoor controller board is blinking.	 When LED1 on indoor controller board is also blinking. Connection failure of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire 	Check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for connection failure.				
	 When LED1 is lit. Miswiring of remote controller wires Under twin triple indoor unit system, 2 or more indoor units are wired together. 	 Check the connection of remote controller wires in case of twin triple indoor unit system. When 2 or more indoor units are wired in one refrigerant system, connect remote controller wires to one of those units. 				
	 Refrigerant address for outdoor unit is wrong or not set. Under grouping control system, there are some units whose refrigerant addresses are 0. 	② Check the setting of refrigerant address in case of grouping control system. If there are some units whose refrigerant addresses are 0 in one group, set one of the units to 0 using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.				
	 ③ Short-circuit of remote controller wires ④ Defective remote controller 	 ③④ Remove remote controller wires and check LED2 on indoor controller board. When LED2 is blinking, check the short-circuit of remote controller wires. When LED2 is lit, connect remote controller wires again and: if LED2 is blinking, remote controller is defective; if LED2 is lit, connection failure of remote controller terminal block, etc. has returned to normal. 				
(3) Upward/downward vane perfor- mance failure	 The vane is not downward during defrosting and heat preparation and when the thermostat is OFF in HEAT mode. (Working of COOL protection function) Vane motor does not rotate. Defective vane motor Breaking of wire or connection failure of connector Upward/downward vane does not work. The vane is set to fixed position. 					
(4) Receiver for wireless remote controller	 Weak batteries of wireless remote controller. Contact failure of connector (CNB) on wireless remote controller board (Insert failure) Contact failure of connector (CN90) on indoor con- troller board (Insert failure) Contact failure of connector between wireless remote controller board and indoor controller board 	 Replace batteries of wireless remote controller. (2)-(3) Check contact failure of each connector. If no problems are found on connector, replace indoor controller board. When the same trouble occurs even if indoor controller board is replaced, replace wireless remote controller board. 				

Note: Refer to the outdoor unit's service manual for the detail of remote controller.

9-5. EMERGENCY OPERATION

9-5-1. When wireless remote controller fails or its battery is exhausted



When the remote controller cannot be used

When the batteries of the remote controller run out or the remote controller malfunctions, the emergency operation can be done using the emergency buttons on the grille.

- OEFROST/STAND BY lamp
- ® Operation lamp
- © Emergency operation switch (heating)
- D Emergency operation switch (cooling)

© Receiver

- Starting operation
- To operate the cooling mode, press the the button the form of the press that a seconds.
- To operate the heating mode, press the \circlearrowright button for more than 2 seconds.

Note: Lighting of the Operation lamp (1) means the start of operation.

Details of EMERGENCY MODE are as shown below.

Operation mode	COOL	HEAT		
Set temperature	24°C	24°C		
Fan speed	High	High		
Airflow direction	Horizontal	Downward 5		

Stopping operation

• To stop operation, press the 🌣 button 🛈 or the 🌣 button 🖾.

9-5-2. When wired remote controller or indoor unit microprocessor fails

[Emergency operation procedure]

- When the wired remote controller or the indoor unit microcomputer has failed, but all other components work properly, if you set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board ON, the indoor unit will begin emergency operation. When emergency operation is activated, the indoor unit operates as follows:
 - (1) Indoor fan is running at high speed.
 - (2)Drain pump is working.
- •Note on the wireless remote controller: When the remote controller does not function, it is possible to activate emergency operation by using the indoor unit emergency operation switch (SW1, SW2 of the wireless signal receiver board). However, if the indoor unit microcomputer has failed, it is necessary to proceed with points 2 and 3 below as in the case of the wired remote controller.
- 2. When you activate emergency operation of the cooling or heating, you have to set the switch(SWE) on the indoor controller board and activate emergency operation of the outdoor unit. For details on how to activate emergency operation of the outdoor unit, refer to the outdoor unit wiring diagram.
- 3. Before you activate emergency operation, check the following points:
 - (1) Emergency operation cannot be activated when:
 - •The outdoor unit malfunctions.
 - •The indoor fan malfunctions.
 - •When it has detected the malfunction of drain pump during self-diagnosing.
 - (2) Emergency operation becomes continuous only by switching the power source on/off. ON/OFF on the remote controller or temperature control etc. does not function.
 - (3) Avoid operating for a long time when the outdoor unit begins defrosting while emergency operation of the heating is activated, because it will start to blow cold air.
 - (4) Emergency cooling should be limited to 10 hours maximum (The indoor unit heat exchanger may freeze).
 - (5) After emergency operation has been deactivated, set the switches etc. to their original positions.
 - (6) Movement of the vanes does not work in emergency operation, therefore you have to slowly set them manually to the appropriate positions.

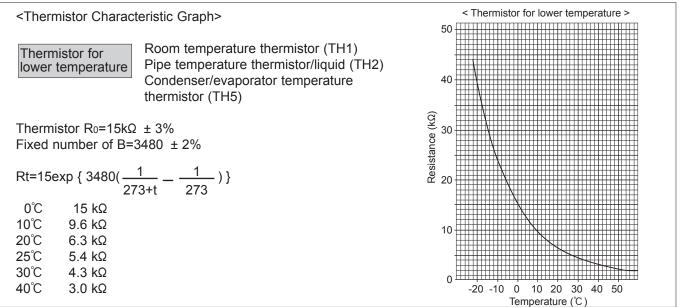
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9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PLA-M50EA.UK PLA-M35EA.UK PLA-M71EA.UK PLA-M100EA.UK

PLA-M60EA.UK PLA-M125EA.UK PLA-M140EA.UK

Parts name	Check method and criterion						
Room temperature thermistor (TH1)	Measure the resistance with a tester. (Parts temperature 10 to 30°C)						
Pipe temperature	Normal	Abnorm	al				
thermistor/liquid (TH2)	4.3 to 9.6 kΩ	Opened or shore	Opened or short-circuited				
Condenser/evaporator temperature thermistor (TH5)	Refer to "9-6-1. Thermister".						
Vane motor (MV)	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester. (At the ambient temperature 20 to 30°C)						
	Connector		Norm	al	Abn	ormal]
Orange	Red-Yellow (5-3, 10-8, 15-13, 20-18)						
Red	Red-Blue (5-0, 10-	6, 15–11, 20–16)	300 9	0	Open	or short	
Blue Yellow	Red–Orange (5–4),	0–9, 15–14, 20–19)		52	Open		
	Red-White (5-2, 10-	-7, 15-12, 20-17)					
Drain pump (DP)	 Check if the drain float 	switch works prope	rly.				
	② Check if the drain pum	p works and drains	water properly	/ in coolir	ng operation.		
1 Red 2 Purple	③ If no water drains, con	firm that the check c	ode P5 will no	ot be disp	layed 10 mir	nutes after the	
3 Black	operation starts.						
	Note: The drain pump for this model is driven by the internal DC motor of controller board, so it is not possible to measure the resistance between the terminals.						
	Nerral						
	Normal Red–Black: Input 13 V D0	$C \rightarrow The motor start$	s to rotate				
	Purple–Black: Abnormal (V square	wave (5 pul	ses/rotation), a	and
	the number	of rotation is not not	mal.				
Drain float switch (FS)	Measure the resistance b	etween the terminal	s with a tester			1	
Moving part	State of moving part Normal Abnormal						
1	UP		Other than sh	nort Magnet			
2	DOWN	Open	Other than op				
3							
4	Part Part						
i-see Sensor (Option)	Turn the power ON while the i-see Sensor connector is connected to the CN4Z on indoor						
	controller board. A communication between the indoor controller board and i-see Sensor						
	board is made to detect the connection.						
	Normal: When the operation starts, the motor for i see Sensor is driven to rotate the i see Sensor						
	Normal: When the operation starts, the motor for i-see Sensor is driven to rotate the i-see Sensor. Abnormal: The motor for i-see Sensor is not driven when the operation starts.						
1234	Note: The voltage betwee	en the terminals can	not be measu	red accu	rately since i	it is pulse outp	out.
1234 5555							
Black							
i-see Sensor motor	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a tester.						
White (Option)	(At the ambient temperature 20 to 30°C)						
		Normal		Abr	normal		
Orange	Red-Yellow Red-Blu	e Red-Orange	Red-White	6			
Red Plue Vellow	250 Ω Open or short						
Blue Yellow							

9-6-1. Thermistor



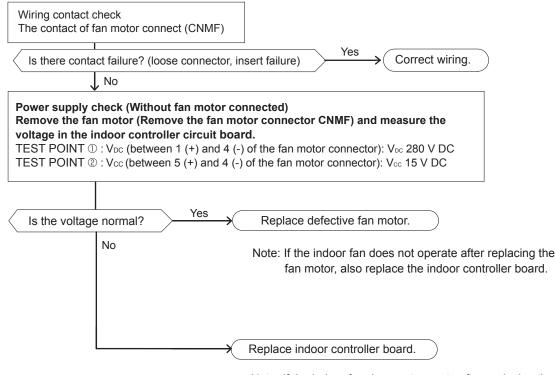
9-6-2. DC Fan motor (FAN MOTOR/INDOOR CONTROLLER BOARD)

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor / indoor controller circuit board)

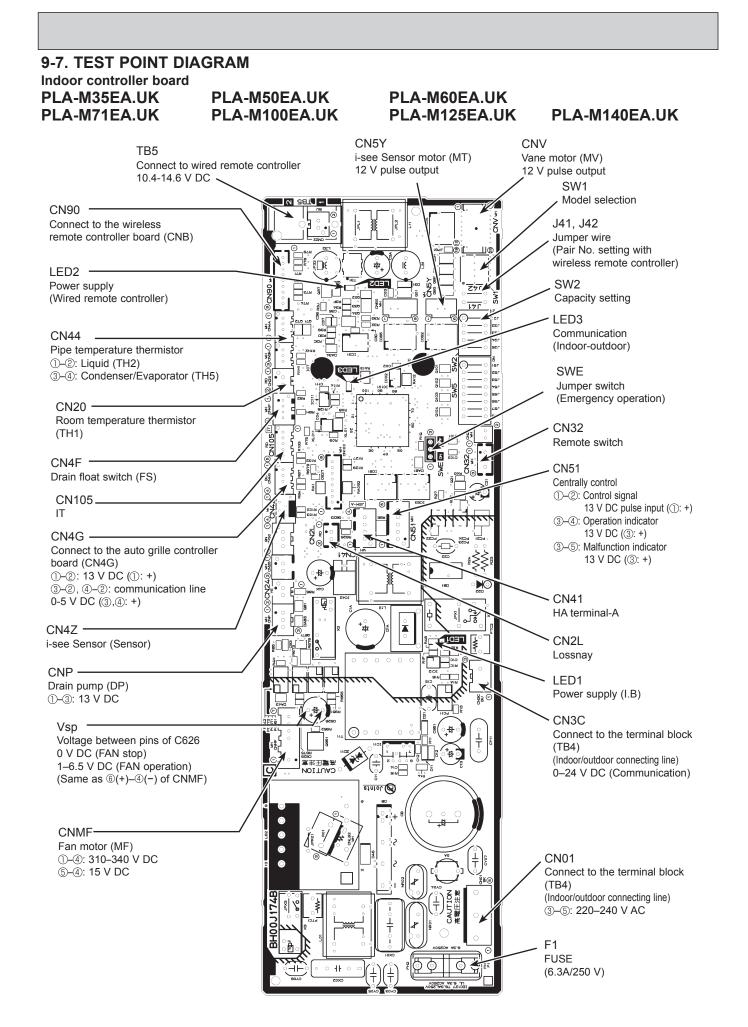
① Notes

- High voltage is applied to the connector (CNMF) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
- Do not pull out the connector (CNMF) for the motor with the power supply on.
- (It causes trouble of the indoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- ② Self check

Symptom : The indoor fan cannot turn around.



Note: If the indoor fan does not operate after replacing the indoor controller board, also replace the fan motor.



9-8. FUNCTIONS OF DIP SWITCH AND JUMPER WIRE

Each function is controlled by the DIP switch and the jumper wire on the indoor controller board.

The black square () indicates a switch position Jumper wire (\bigcirc : Short $\quad \times:$ Open)

Jumper wire	Functions	Setting by the DIP switch an	d jumper wire	Remarks
SW1	Model settings	MODEL SETTING	l F	
SW2	Capacity settings	MODELS SETTING PLA-M35EA 1 2 3 4 5 0 OFF PLA-M50EA 1 2 3 4 5 0 OFF PLA-M60EA 1 2 3 4 5 0 OFF PLA-M71EA 1 2 3 4 5 0 OFF PLA-M100EA 1 2 3 4 5 0 OFF PLA-M125EA 1 2 3 4 5 0 OFF PLA-M140EA 1 2 3 4 5 0 OFF		
J41 J42	Pair number setting with wireless remote controller	Wireless remote controller settingControl PCB s001×203 to 9×	etting J42 O O X X X	<initial setting=""> Wireless remote controller: 0 Control PCB: ○ (for both J41 and J42) 4 pair number settings are supported. The pair number settings of the wireless remote controller and indoor control PCB (J41/J42) are given in the table on the left. ('×' in the table indicates the jumper wire is dis- connected.)</initial>

10-1. UNIT FUNCTION SETTING BY THE REMOTE CONTROLLER

Each function can be set as necessary using the remote controller. The setting of function for each unit can only be done by the remote controller.

- (1) Functions available when setting the unit number to 00
- Refer to the service manual that comes with each outdoor unit.

(2) Functions available when setting the unit number to 01-03 or AL (07 in case of wireless remote controller)

Function	Settings	Mode No.	Setting No.	Initial setting	Setting
Filter sign	100 Hr		1		
	2500 Hr	07	2	0	
	No filter sign indicator		3		
Fan speed	Silent (low ceiling)				
	Standard	08	2	0	
	High ceiling		3		
No. of air outlets	4 directions		1	0	
	3 directions	09	2		
	2 directions		3		
Installed options (high efficiency filter)	Not supported	10	1	0	
	Supported	10	2		
Up/down vane setting	Downward setting (vanes angle setup ③)		1		
	Middle setting (vanes angle setup ①)	11	2		
	Draft-less setting (vanes angle setup 2)		3	0	
3D i-see Sensor positioning	Position ①		1		
	Position [®]	12* ¹	2		
	Position ③ (Default)		3	0	
3D i-see Sensor ceiling height setting	Low ceiling (ceiling height: less than 2.7m)		1		
(when installing the 3D i-see Sensor	Standard (ceiling height: 2.7–3.5 m)	26	2	0	
panel)	High ceiling (ceiling height: 3.5–4.5 m)		3		
Fan speed during the cooling thermostat	Setting fan speed				
is OFF	Stop	27	2		
	Extra low		3	0	

*1 When the 3D i-see Sensor corner panel position is changed, change this mode. For more details, refer to the Installation Manual.

11-1. OPERATION (AUTOMATIC FILTER ELEVATION GRILLE: PLP-6EAJ)

(1) Normal operation

11

- String 1b 1) UP/DOWN **UP/DOWN UP/DOWN** Air intake grille is raised/lowered by Machine 1 Machine 2 commands of UP and DOWN. Air intake grille does not move under the state of no-load detection or obstacle detection. Air intake grille stops automatically at the set lowering distance from the ceiling level. 2 STOP String 2b String 2a Detection It stops in the cases below : switch · When it reaches the set lowering distance from the ceiling level. String 1a It automatically stops after a predetermined period Air intake grille of lowering. Fig.1 · When it is stored in the panel.

The air intake grille is judged to be stored in the panel

when the storage detection switch is pressed for 5 seconds continuously.

- When receiving commands of STOP, DOWN while moving up or UP while moving down. The STOP button is only available on the automatic filter elevation panel remote controller. When the wired remote controller is used, there will be a slight delay in stopping due to transmission speed.
- When both string 1b and 2b are not loaded.

Only the string b in each UP/DOWN Machine has a tension detection switch.

(2) Special operation

① Re-storage operation

Case : Obstruction of the raising air intake grille before storage or malfunction of storage detection switch Re-storage operation will be performed when the intake grille has been raised the set distance but the storage detection switch is not engaged.

In this case, the operation below will be repeated up to 4 times.

10 cm down \rightarrow 30 cm up $\rightarrow \dots \rightarrow$ 10 cm down \rightarrow 30 cm up

② No-load detection

Case : UP/DOWN commands with no grille suspended.

When both string 1b and string 2b are not loaded, the strings will not move.

③ Obstacle detection

Case : Making contact with something while lowering.

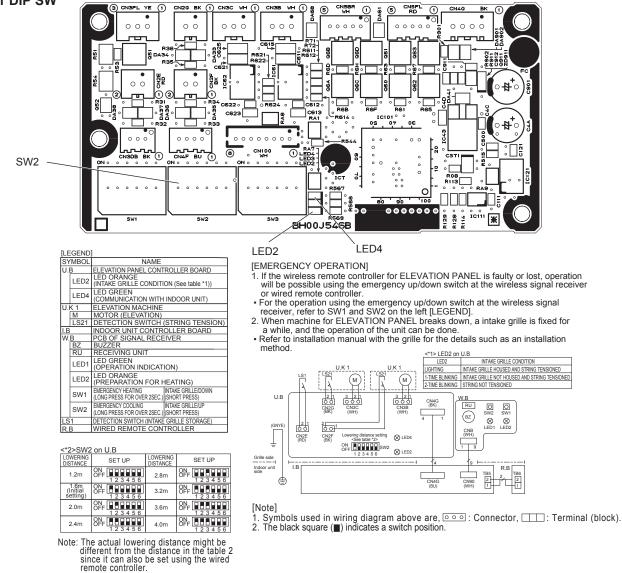
Should the loads on the string 1b and string 2b be removed due to the air intake grille making contact with something while lowering, the lowering operation will stop. The air intake grille will then be raised 10 cm and stop again.

[EMERGENCY OPERATION]

- 1. If the wireless remote controller for ELEVATION PANEL is faulty or lost, operation will be possible using the emergency up/down switch at the wireless signal receiver or wired remote controller.
- For the operation using the emergency up/down switch at the wireless signal receiver, refer to SW1 and SW2 on the [LEGEND] in the next page.
- 2. When machine for ELEVATION PANEL breaks down, a intake grille is fixed for a while, and the operation of the unit can be done.
- Refer to installation manual with the grille for the details such as an installation method.

11-2. ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT (Controller board and wiring diagram (Panel))

11-2-1 DIP SW



11-2-2. Check point of trouble

<LED 2 Orange display>

Turn OFF	: No power supply
Blink	: Storage detection switch ON (short)
One blink	: Storage detection switch OFF (open)
Two blinks	: Tension detection switch OFF (open)

<controller board>

<led 4="" display="" green=""></led>

Blink

: Connecting

Check item	Check point	Normal	Remarks
Up/down controller P.C. board supply voltage	CN4A (between 1–2)	11–14 V AC	
Up/down machine supply voltage	CN3B (between 1–2) CN3C (between 1–2)	10–13.5 V DC	Check when instructing up/down with LED blinking once.

<Up/down machine>

Check item	Check point	Normal	Check contents	
Storage detection switch	CN2E	open or short	Check if it is short by pressing push switch.	
Tension detection switch	CN2F, CN2G	open or short	Check if it is short when string b is tensioned.	
Motor	CN3B, CN3C	5–20 Ω	Check if it is not open or short.	
Entwining strings	Pull string	Retention: about 2 kgf	Check if string is drawn out by pulling with 4 kgf.	

11-3. TROUBLESHOOTING

• Check the following points.

Problem	Possible Reason	Corrective Action	
Intake grille does not function	Air-conditioner is running.	Stop running the air-conditioner and try again.	
with operation of the remote controller.	Power failure	After recovering from power failure, try again.	
	Batteries are not inserted into the wireless remote controller. Or battery power is running low.	Install or replace the battery.	
	There is something on the intake grille. Or something is stuck in the intake grille.	Remove the objects or obstacles from the intake grille. Or, remove the stuck object.	
Intake grille cannot be placed in the correct position.	There is something on the intake grille.	Remove the objects or obstacles from the intake grille.	
	Filter is not properly installed.	Lower the intake grille again and check whether the filter is installed in the correct position.	
	Intake grille is not hung with all 4 hooks.	Lower the intake grille again and hang the hook on the intake grille.	
Intake grille stops lowering in mid flow. (Intake grille would not lower any further.)	Because the intake grille has finished lowering to the auto-stop position.	This is normal. Note: If you want to change the setting for the lowering distance, contact your dealer.	
Noises are made during up/down operation. (While intake grille is moving up/down.)	This is the noise made when the string is winded and unwound.	This is normal.	
Noises are made while placing the intake grille in.	This is the operational noise for placing the intake grille in securely.	_	
Intake grille repeats rising and lowering several times while being placed in the correct position.	This is the operation for placing the intake grille in securely.		
Intake grille leans toward one side during the up/down operation.	The speeds of winding each string is slightly different.		

11-4. ROTATION FUNCTION (AND BACK-UP FUNCTION, 2ND STAGE CUT-IN FUNCTION)

11-4-1. Operation

(1) Rotation function (and Back-up function)

Outline of functions

 \cdot Main and sub unit operate alternately according to the interval of rotation setting.

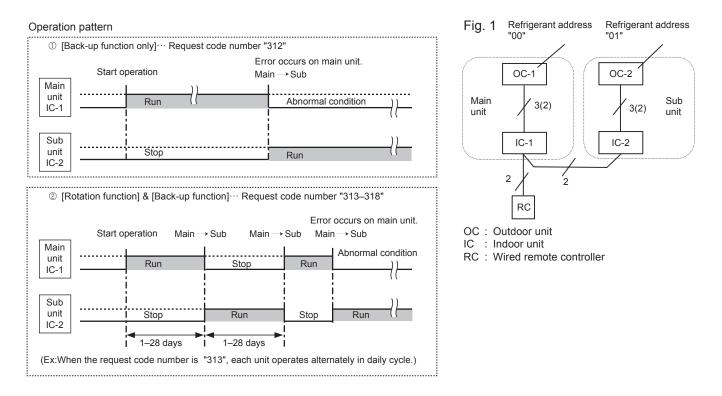
Note: Main and sub unit should be set by refrigerant address. (Outdoor DIP switch setting)

- Refrigerant address "00" → Main unit
- Refrigerant address "01" → Sub unit
- · When error occurs to one unit, another unit will start operation. (Back-up function)

System constraint

- This function is available only by the grouping control system (INDOOR UNIT : OUTDOOR UNIT=1:1) of 2 refrigerant groups. (Refer to Fig. 1)
- Main indoor unit should be connected for wired remote controller and the transmission line (TB5) for main and sub unit should also be connected. (Refer to Fig. 1)
- (This function cannot be set by wireless remote controller.)

· Set refrigerant address of each unit. (Dip switch on the outdoor unit ··· Refrigerant address 00/01)



Note:

- · When the unit is restarted to operate after turning off the power or OFF operation, the unit which was operating will start operation.
- To operate the main unit, refer to "11-4-2. How to set rotation function (Back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)" and set the request code No. which is not the same as the current one, then set again the former request code No.

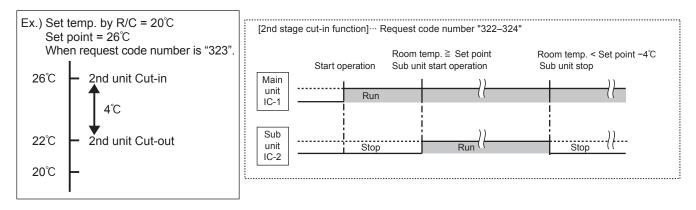
(2) 2nd stage cut-in function

Outline of functions

- When the 1st unit cannot supply with sufficient capacity for exceptionally high-demand conditions and the actual room temperature reaches set point (*), the 2nd unit starts operation in conjunction with the 1st unit.
- · Once the actual room temperature goes down to 4°C below set point (*), the 2nd unit stops operation automatically.
 - (* set point = set temperature by R/C (remote controller) + 4, 6, 8°C (selectable))
- · Number of operating units is determined according to the room temperature and set point.
- When room temperature reaches higher than set point, standby unit starts. (2 units operation)
- · When room temperature falls below set point -4°C, standby unit stops. (1 unit operation)

System constraint

· This function is available only in cooling mode.



11-4-2. How to set rotation function (Back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)

You can set these functions by wired remote controller. (Maintenance monitor)

NOTICE -

Both main and sub unit should be set in same setting. Every time replacing indoor controller board for servicing, the function should be set again.

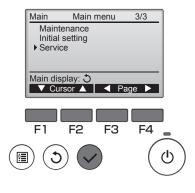
(1) Request Code List

Rotation setting		
Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	
No.1 (310)	Monitoring the request code of current setting	
No.2 (311)	Rotation and Back-up OFF (Normal group control operation)	0
No.3 (312)	Back-up function only	
No.4 (313)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 1day) and back-up function	
No.5 (314)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 3days) and back-up function	
No.6 (315)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 5days) and back-up function	
No.7 (316)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 7days) and back-up function	
No.8 (317)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 14days) and back-up function	
No.9 (318)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 28days) and back-up function	

2nd unit cut-in setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	Initial setting
No.1 (320)	Monitoring the request code of current setting	
No.2 (321)	Cut-in function OFF	Ô
No.3 (322)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 4°C (7.2°F)	
No.4 (323)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 6°C (10.8°F)	
No.5 (324)	Cut-in function ON(Set point = Set temp.+ 8°C (14.4°F)	

(2) Rotation and back up operation PAR-3xMAA ("x" represents 0 or later)











① Press the 📵 button.

0 Select "Service" with the [Cursor] buttons ($\fbox{1}$ and $\fbox{2}$) or the [Page] buttons ($\fbox{3}$ and $\fbox{4}$), and press the \bigodot button.

- 3 Enter the current maintenance password (4 numerical digits).
 - Move cursor to the digit you want to change with the F1 or F2 button.
 Set each number (0 through 9) with the F3 or F4 button.
 - (Note: The initial maintenance password is "9999".)

4 Then, press the \bigodot button.

⑤ Select "Check" with the F1 or F2 button, and press the ⊘ button.

- 6 Select "Request code" with the $\fbox{F1}$ or $\fbox{F2}$ button, and press the \bigodot button.
- ${igitomside {\Bbb O}}$ Set the Refrigerant address and Request code.
 - Select the item to be changed with the F1 or F2 button.
 - Select the required setting with the F3 or F4 button.
- [®] Press the F3 or F4 button to set the Refrigerant address "0".
- Image: Image:
 - Rotation & Back up operation: Enter one request code from 311–318.
 2nd stage cut-in operation: Enter one request code from 321–324.
- 0 Press the \bigodot button. Data will be collected and displayed.
- Press the F3 or F4 button to set the Refrigerant address "1". Set above (9–(0).
- ② To return to the Main menu, press the ③ button.

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

PLA-M50EA.UK

PLA-M100EA.UK

12

PLA-M35EA.UK

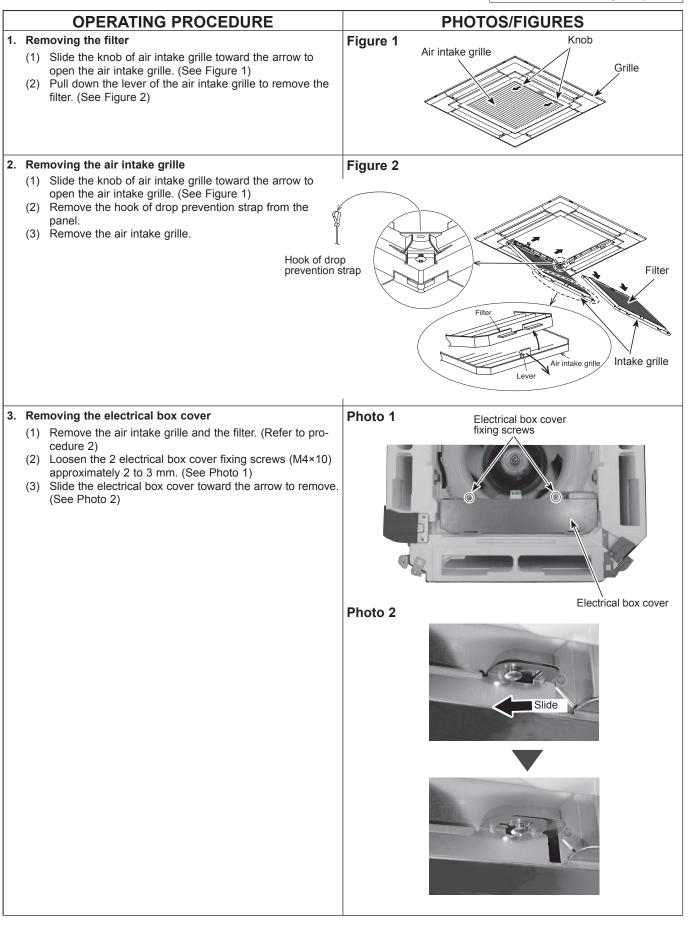
PLA-M71EA.UK

PLA-M60EA.UK

PLA-M125EA.UK

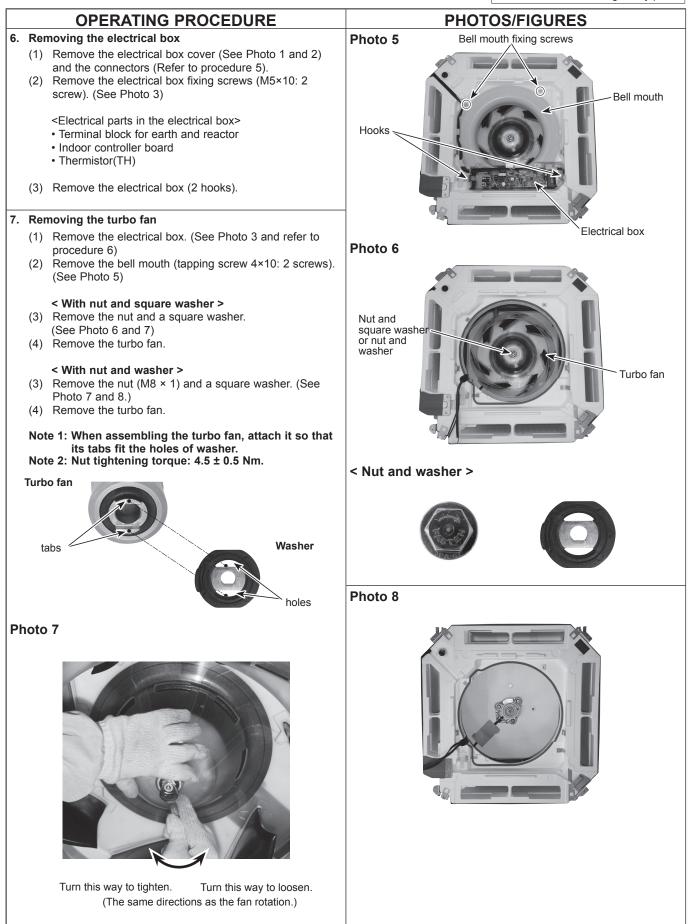
PLA-M140EA.UK

Be careful when removing heavy parts.

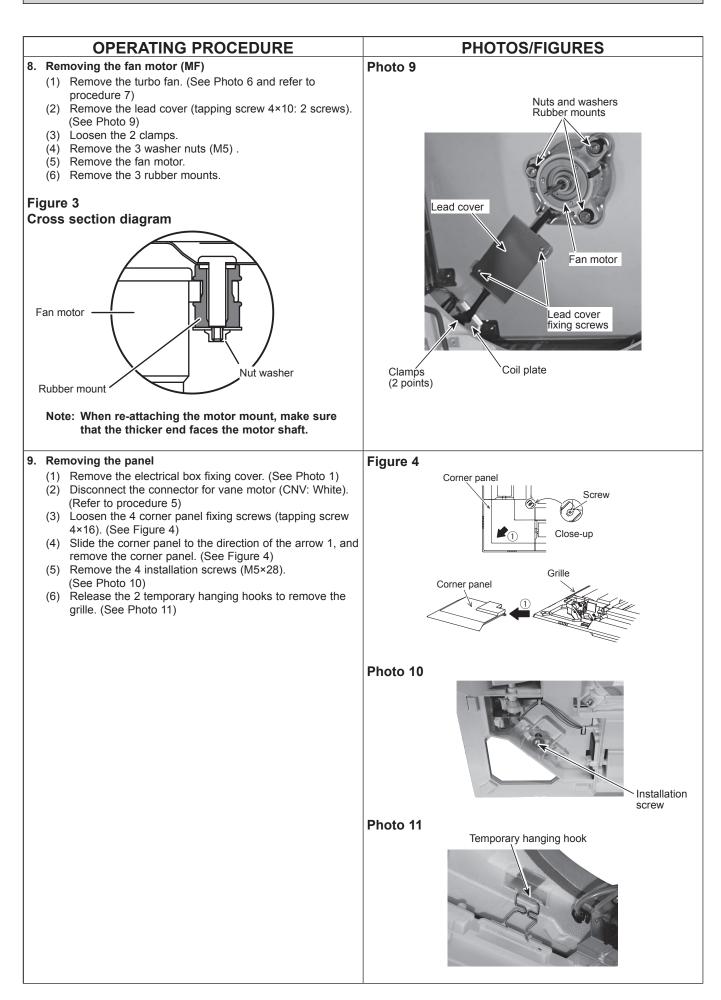


_		
	OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS/FIGURES
4.	 Removing the room temperature thermistor (TH1) (1) Remove the electrical box cover. (See Photo 1 and 2) (2) Disconnect the connector CN20 (Red) from the indoor controller board. (3) Remove the room temperature thermistor with its holder. (See Photo 3) 	Photo 3 Electrical box Thermistor (TH1) Indoor controller board CN20 CN20 Electrical box fixing screw (M5×10) Electrical box fixing screw (M5×10)
		Thermistor (TH1)
5.	 Removing the indoor controller board (I.B) (1) Remove the electrical box cover. (See Photo 1 and 2) (2) Disconnect the connectors: CNMF (White) for fan motor CNV (White) for vane motor CN5Y (White) for motor for i-see Sensor (Option) CN4Z (White) for sensor for i-see Sensor (Option) CN90 (White) for signal receiver (Option) CN90 (White) for float switch CN4F (White) for thermistor (TH2/TH5) CN01 (Black) for Indoor/Outdoor connecting line CN3C (Blue) for Indoor/Outdoor transmission Disconnect the connectors for optional parts, if any. (3) For the unit controlled with the wireless remote controller, disconnect the lead wire connected to TB5 on the indoor controller board. TB5: Remote controller transmission connecting wire (4) Remove the indoor controller board (3 holders/4 Hooks). (See Photo 4) 	Photo 4

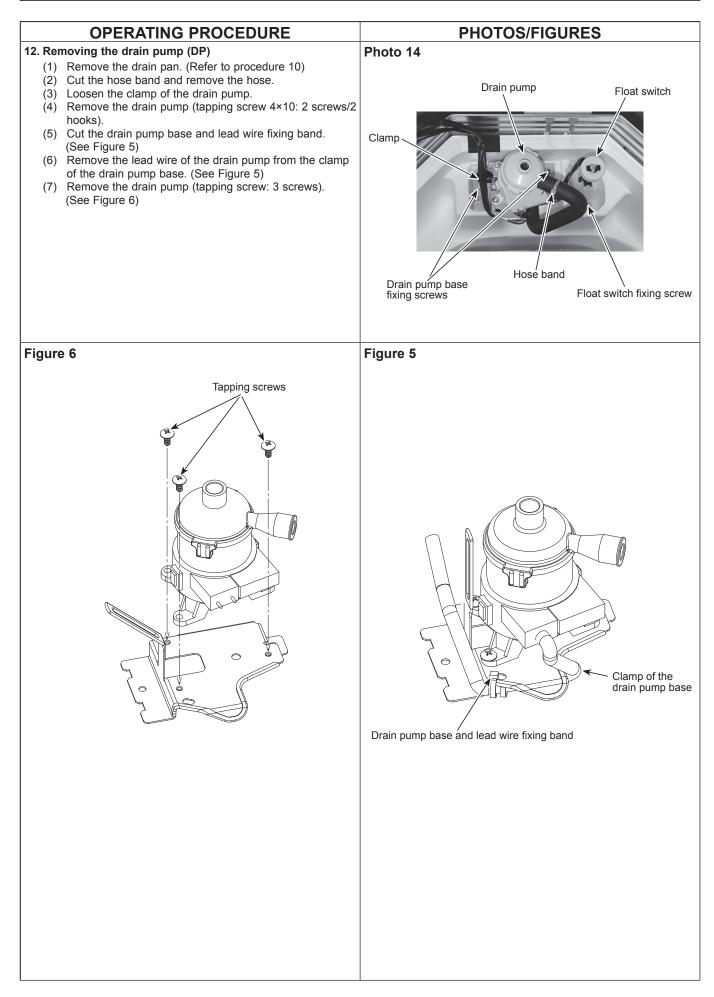
Be careful when removing heavy parts.

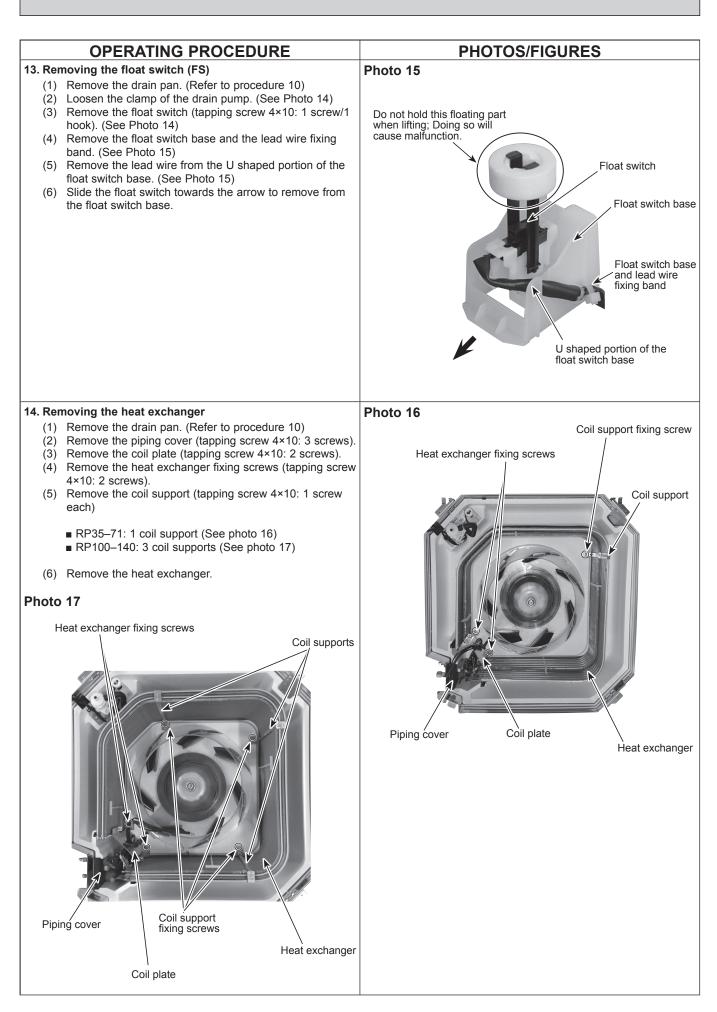


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OPERATING PROCEDURE PHOTOS/FIGURES 10. Removing the drain pan Photo 12 (1) Remove the electrical box. (See photo 3 and refer to procedure 6) (2) Remove the bell mouth (tapping screw 4×10 : 2 screws). Drain pan (See Photo 5) (3) Remove the drain pan (screw M5×10: 4 screws). Drain pan fixing screws Drain pan fixing screws 11. Removing the pipe temperature/liquid thermistor (TH2) Photo 13 and condenser/evaporator temperature thermistor (TH5) (1) Remove the drain pan (Refer to procedure 10) and loosen the 2 clamps of the coil plate. (See Photo 9) (2) Remove the coil plate (tapping screw 4×10: 2 screws). (3) Disconnect the pipe temperature/liquid thermistor (TH2) and condenser/evaporator temperature thermistor (TH5) from the holder. Pipe temperature/liquid thermistor (TH2) Condenser/evaporator temperature thermistor (TH5)





OCH697

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